Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements
May 31, 2020 and 2019

May 31, 2020 and 2019

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Directors of the Board of Municipal Utilities Sikeston, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Board of Municipal Utilities of Sikeston, Missouri (the "Utility") as of and for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Utility's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board of Municipal Utilities of Sikeston, Missouri as of May 31, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Directors of the Board of Municipal Utilities Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension, and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Utility's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Springfield Missouri

BKD,LLP

Springfield, Missouri September 3, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis
May 31, 2020 and 2019

The following discussion and analysis of the Board of Municipal Utilities of Sikeston, Missouri's (the "Board" or "Utility") financial performance provides an overview of the Utility's financial activities for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Utility's audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

Background

The Utility is a municipally owned and operated enterprise engaged in the generation, distribution, and sale of electric energy to retail and wholesale customers within the city limits of the City of Sikeston, Missouri (the "City"). The Utility's primary asset is a 235 megawatt coal-fired generation station (Sikeston Power Station) located in the City. The Utility has contractual agreements with the Missouri cities of Carthage, Columbia, Fulton, and West Plains to sell certain amounts of wholesale electric energy. The agreements state that each city will purchase a specified entitlement share of power at 110 percent of its proportionate share of the monthly power costs (including debt service costs related to the revenue bond issue) as defined in the agreements, for various annual periods extending to June 1, 2022. The agreements also state that each city will pay for the capacity to which it is entitled, whether or not available, and whether or not utilized. The total plant capacity allocated to these cities is 50 percent of the Sikeston Power Station. The remaining capacity of the Sikeston Power Station is primarily used to serve retail electric customers located in the City. The Utility also routinely enters into short-term contractual agreements with various other municipalities or third parties to sell electric energy. Excess generation not sold to retail or wholesale customers is sold on the "spot" market at prevailing market prices.

The Utility is managed by a bi-partisan board, which consists of four members appointed by the City council for a term of four years each. The board is responsible for establishing the Utility's policies, rules and regulations that govern the day-to-day operations of the utility system. The Utility functions as a separate unit of City government. The Utility prepares annual budgets, which are approved by the board. See *Note 1* to the financial statements for further information regarding the basis of accounting used.

Financial Statements

This report contains three basic financial statements and related notes. The *Balance Sheet* presents the Utility's financial condition, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at May 31, 2020 and 2019. The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position* presents the Utility's results of operations and changes in net position for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019. The *Statement of Cash Flows* presents the Utility's sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents for the fiscal years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019. The *Notes to Financial Statements* are an integral part of the basic financial statements and contain information on accounting principles and other matters necessary for a more complete understanding of the Utility's financial position. The Utility implemented GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* in fiscal year 2019. Statement No. 75 requires a liability, deferred inflows/outflows, and related expenses to be reported on the face of the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2020 and 2019

Summary of Electric System Financial Position

			May 31,	
	2	020	2019	2018
Assets				
Property and plant – net	\$ 5	0,249,061	\$ 59,534,069	\$ 68,862,302
Restricted and other assets	1	4,244,552	16,734,317	13,946,872
Current assets	5	8,119,187	57,450,687	54,540,737
Total assets	12	2,612,800	133,719,073	137,349,911
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Unamortized loss on debt refundings		3,941,285	5,744,273	7,449,309
Pension and OPEB related		4,067,323	3,033,866	4,599,834
Total deferred outflows			 	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
of resources		8,008,608	8,778,139	12,049,143
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 13	0,621,408	\$ 142,497,212	\$ 149,399,054
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	8,253,165	\$ 5,574,417	\$ 3,423,405
Restricted	2	7,456,113	26,747,179	25,951,373
Unrestricted	2	9,333,204	34,461,719	35,220,444
Total net position	6	5,042,482	66,783,315	64,595,222
Liabilities				
Long-term debt, net	3	2,725,615	47,116,141	60,883,703
Net pension liability		4,233,153	-	1,245,983
Total other postemployment benefit liability		4,096,923	4,240,865	-
Accrued compensated absences - noncurrent		945,850	873,000	973,744
Current liabilities	1	9,888,923	19,338,790	19,290,222
Total liabilities	6	1,890,464	71,568,796	82,393,652
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension related		3,688,462	4,145,101	 2,410,180
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources, and net position	\$ 13	0,621,408	\$ 142,497,212	\$ 149,399,054

Management's Discussion and Analysis
May 31, 2020 and 2019

Summary of the Electric System

Assets

Property and Plant - Net

The Utility recorded approximately \$6,480,000 in property and plant additions during the year ended May 31, 2020. The Sikeston Power Station had additions of approximately \$2,640,000 including approximately \$909,000 for boiler upgrades, \$352,000 for a fan rebuild, and \$200,000 for lab equipment and controls upgrades. Other major capital expenditures include structure and electrical improvements, purchase of a telehandler, 161kv pole replacement, loader, and truck improvements. The retail system had additions of approximately \$1,248,000 including substation improvements, breaker replacement, warehouse generator, backyard machine, and annual additions of transformers, meters, and poles. Retail had \$2,326,000 in construction in process including \$1,633,000 for the Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) project and \$642,000 for a substation transformer. Depreciation expense of approximately \$15,724,000 was recorded during the year ended May 31, 2020.

The Utility recorded approximately \$5,539,000 in property and plant additions during the year ended May 31, 2019. The Sikeston Power Station had additions of approximately \$4,389,000 including approximately \$628,000 for a new control system, \$525,000 for fan rebuilds, \$461,000 for a dozer, \$347,000 for pulverizer rebuilds, and \$126,000 for EPA compliance with the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards, Coal Combustion Residuals and Effluent Limitations Guidelines. Other major capital expenditures include boiler upgrades, electrical cable, pump, valve, and coal belt replacements, and a bridge rebuild. The retail system had additions of approximately \$809,000 including substation improvements, Geographic Information System (GIS) mapping and annual additions of transformers, meters, and poles. Disposals of approximately \$1,100,000 were also recorded. Depreciation expense of approximately \$14,868,000 was recorded during the year ended May 31, 2019.

Additional information on the Utility's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Restricted and Other Assets

During 2020, restricted and other assets decreased approximately \$2,490,000 due to the pension asset of \$2,575,000 in 2019 moving to a liability in 2020 in the amount of \$4,233,000. This decrease was offset by an increase in the debt service account of \$377,000, which was offset by an increase in the current portion of long-term debt of \$326,000.

During 2019, restricted assets increased approximately \$2,787,000 due to the increase in the debt service reserve of approximately \$172,000 and increase in the debt service account of \$341,000, offset by an increase in the current portion of long-term debt, including accrued interest payable, of \$301,000. Other assets increased approximately \$2,575,000 due to the addition of a pension asset.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
May 31, 2020 and 2019

Current Assets

During 2020, the increase in current assets of approximately \$669,000 was attributed to an increase in coal inventory of approximately \$4,341,000 offset by a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$3,697,000. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents was a result of lower market sales at the Sikeston Power Station. Accounts receivable, net decreased approximately \$736,000 and materials and supplies inventory increased approximately \$502,000. The remaining current assets were relatively flat when compared to the prior year.

During 2019, the increase in current assets of approximately \$2,910,000 was attributed to an increase in cash of approximately \$4,772,000 offset by a decrease in coal inventory of approximately \$2,481,000. The increase in cash was a result of higher kWh sales in the retail department and market sales at the Sikeston Power Station and fewer coal deliveries. Accounts receivable increased approximately \$274,000. The remaining current assets were relatively flat when compared to the prior year.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

During 2020, the decrease of approximately \$770,000 in deferred outflows of resources was a result of a decrease in the unamortized debt costs of approximately \$1,803,000 offset with an increase of approximately \$1,033,000 in the pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources.

During 2019, the decrease of approximately \$3,271,000 in deferred outflows of resources was a result of a decrease in the unamortized debt costs of approximately \$1,705,000 and a decrease of approximately \$1,566,000 in the pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources.

Liabilities

Long-Term Debt, Net

The long-term debt reduction in the current fiscal year ended May 31, 2020, of approximately \$14,391,000 was due to the scheduled payment due 2021 in the amount of approximately \$12,525,000 of current bond maturities on the 2012 Revenue Bonds. Long-term debt was also decreased by unamortized premiums of approximately \$1,195,000 and approximately \$687,000 in scheduled lease payments in 2021. The long-term balance at May 31, 2020, reflects the remaining obligations on the 2012 Revenue Bonds and future capital lease obligations. The debt maturities on the capital lease obligations vary over the next eight years and 2012 Revenue Bonds are due June 1, 2022.

The long-term debt reduction in the fiscal year ended May 31, 2019, of approximately \$13,768,000 was due to the scheduled payment due 2020 in the amount of approximately \$11,925,000 of current bond maturities on the 2012 Revenue Bonds. Long-term debt was also decreased by unamortized premiums of approximately \$1,195,000 and approximately \$663,000 in scheduled lease payments in 2020. The long-term balance at May 31, 2019, reflects the remaining obligations on the 2012 Revenue Bonds and future capital lease obligations. The debt maturities on the capital lease obligations vary over the next nine years and 2012 Revenue Bonds are due June 1, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2020 and 2019

Since the bond refunding in 2012, the Board is required to annually submit information to the Fitch Rating Agency (Fitch) for review of the bond rating.

In January 2020, Fitch changed the rating from BBB to BBB+, with the outlook remaining stable. The upgrade was due to the ongoing improvement in the Utility's financial profile and amortization of its series 2012 debt scheduled for retirement in 2022.

The Utility was able to establish and collect sufficient rates for the electric system to meet the 110 percent debt service requirement for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019. The electric rates applied for years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, covered 116 percent (152 percent adjusted for other noncash adjustments) and 170 percent, respectively, of aggregate debt service costs.

Additional information on the Utility's long-term debt can be found in *Note 5* of this report.

Current Liabilities

Current liabilities increased approximately \$550,000 at May 31, 2020. The current portion of long-term debt increased approximately \$624,000. Other liabilities offsetting each other were an accounts payable increase of approximately \$258,000 and a decrease in accrued interest payable of approximately \$298,000. The increase in other current liabilities of approximately \$85,000 was offset with a decrease in deferred miners benefits of approximately \$172,000. The remaining current liability accounts were relatively flat over the prior year.

Current liabilities increased approximately \$49,000 at May 31, 2019. The current portion of long-term debt increased approximately \$583,000, offset with an accounts payable decrease of approximately \$444,000 and a decrease in accrued interest payable of approximately \$283,000. The remaining current liability accounts were relatively flat over the prior year.

At May 31, 2020 and 2019, the Utility has recorded a liability of \$1,228,000 and \$1,400,000, respectively, for the amount of the remaining estimated post-retirement benefits and mine reclamation costs associated with Brushy Creek which represents its 50 percent share of the total estimated costs. The liability decreased over the prior year by approximately \$172,000 due to the actuarial estimate of the post-retirement benefit obligation. The amount of funding by the Board was \$240,000 for the year ended May 31, 2019, and \$300,000 for the year ended May 31, 2020, for administrative costs incurred by Western Fuels-Illinois, Inc. (WFI) (see *Note 10* to the Utility's financial statements).

Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2020 and 2019

Other Noncurrent Liabilities

During the year ended May 31, 2020, the increase in other noncurrent liabilities of approximately \$4,162,000 was the increase in the net pension liability of approximately \$4,233,000 offset with the decrease in the total OPEB liability of approximately \$144,000.

During the year ended May 31, 2019, the increase in other noncurrent liabilities of approximately \$2,894,000 was the decrease in the net pension liability of approximately \$1,246,000 offset with the increase in the total OPEB liability of \$4,241,000.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

During the year ended May 31, 2020, the decrease in deferred inflows of resources was a result of a decrease in the pension related inflows of approximately \$457,000.

During the year ended May 31, 2019, the increase in deferred inflows of resources was a result of an increase in the pension related inflows of approximately \$1,735,000.

Summary of Electric Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	 2020	May 31, 2019	2018
Operating Revenues	\$ 80,472,505	\$ 83,790,855	\$ 82,634,515
Operating Expenses	81,569,687	75,835,110	73,863,290
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,097,182)	 7,955,745	 8,771,225
Interest and Other Income	2,140,541	1,829,028	1,387,294
Interest Expense	 (2,784,192)	 (3,304,958)	 (3,799,774)
Nonoperating Income (Expense), Net	(643,651)	 (1,475,930)	 (2,412,480)
Change in Net Position	\$ (1,740,833)	\$ 6,479,815	\$ 6,358,745

Management's Discussion and Analysis
May 31, 2020 and 2019

Operating Revenues

During 2020 operating revenues decreased approximately \$3,318,000. Retail revenues increased approximately \$343,000. Residential kWh sold were up 6.1 percent, Commercial kWh sold were down 4.9 percent and Industrial kWh sold were up 2.0 percent. Retail rate increases went into effect on October 1, 2019. As a result of the pandemic, the Board voted to rebate each Residential and Small General Service customer \$50 for two consecutive months for April and May 2020. These rebates totaled \$839,000 in 2020. Wholesale revenues decreased approximately \$3,661,000 from 2019 with decreases in spot and short-term contract sales. Spot sales were down due to lower generation and the market price was also lower than the previous year. The Utility will routinely execute physical sales in the wholesale "spot" market of generated electricity that is not purchased by retail or wholesale customers.

During 2019 operating revenues increased approximately \$1,156,000. Retail revenues increased approximately \$1,599,000. Residential kWh and Commercial kWh sold were virtually the same as the prior year and Industrial kWh sold were up 4.3 percent. Retail rate increases went into effect on October 1, 2018. Wholesale revenues decreased approximately \$442,000 from 2018 because contract sales decreased but offset by an increase in spot and short-term contract sales. The Utility will routinely execute physical sales in the wholesale "spot" market of generated electricity that is not purchased by retail or wholesale customers.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses increased approximately \$5,735,000 during 2020. The largest increase in operating expenses was due to the increase in the pension expense of approximately \$6,211,000 from the change in the pension plan. Offsetting this increase was the decrease in the Sikeston Power Station operating expenses of approximately \$3,514,000. Maintenance costs of the Power Station increased approximately \$986,000 due to additional maintenance on the boiler. Depreciation expense increased approximately \$856,000 in 2020. The remaining expenses showed less significant increases from the prior year.

Operating expenses increased approximately \$2,000,000 during 2019. The Sikeston Power station had higher operating expenses of \$932,000 including a control system upgrade. Purchased power increased \$355,000. Depreciation expense was up \$1,244,000. These were offset with decreases in general and administrative expenses of \$866,000 due to lower property, liability, and workers compensation insurance costs. The operating expenses in the retail department distribution costs increased \$499,000 and donated services increased \$272,000.

During both 2020 and 2019 more supplemental hydro power was available from Southwestern Power Administration lowering the purchased power costs of the retail system. *See Note 10* of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
May 31, 2020 and 2019

Deferred Mine Shutdown Costs

During 2020, the Utility recorded a decrease to change in net position of approximately \$82,000 associated with the mine shutdown during the year as payments and changes in estimated liabilities were made for the remaining post-retirement benefits and mine reclamation costs associated with Brushy Creek mine (see *Note 10* to the Utility's financial statements).

During 2019, the Utility recorded an increase to change in net position of approximately \$409,000 associated with the mine shutdown during the year as payments and changes in estimated liabilities were made for the remaining post-retirement benefits and mine reclamation costs associated with Brushy Creek mine (see *Note 10* to the Utility's financial statements).

Nonoperating Income (Expense), Net

During 2020 nonoperating income (expense), net decreased by approximately \$832,000 due to lower interest expense of approximately \$521,000 in the current year due to the reduction in long-term debt as scheduled bond payments were made. Interest and other income increased by approximately \$312,000 mainly as a result of higher interest earned on investments.

During 2019 nonoperating income (expense), net decreased by approximately \$937,000 due to lower interest expense of approximately \$495,000 in the current year due to the reduction in long-term debt as scheduled bond payments were made. Interest and other income increased by approximately \$442,000 mainly as a result of higher interest earned on investments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2020 and 2019

Summary of Water & Sewer Combined Financial Position

	May 31,					
		2020		2019		2018
Assets						
Property and plant - net	\$	14,919,097	\$	9,716,467	\$	8,724,849
Restricted and other assets		_		527,395		18,806
Current assets		5,581,366		2,914,351		4,135,532
Total assets		20,500,463		13,158,213		12,879,187
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension and OPEB related		819,834		623,384		954,979
Total assets and deferred	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
outflows of resources	\$	21,320,297	\$	13,781,597	\$	13,834,166
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,135,526	\$	5,506,096	\$	4,333,830
Restricted	*	143.332	-	56,046		199,454
Unrestricted		2,488,951		1,638,587		3,329,222
Total net position		6,767,809		7,200,729		7,862,506
Liabilities						
Long-term debt, net		10,788,515		3,825,160		4,210,370
Net pension liability		867,028		-		255,201
Total other postemployment benefit liability		839,129		868,612		-
Accrued compensated absences - noncurrent		162,537		152,854		174,539
Current liabilities		1,139,811		885,245		837,898
Total liabilities		13,797,020		5,731,871		5,478,008
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension related		755,468		848,997		493,652
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and net position	\$	21,320,297	\$	13,781,597	\$	13,834,166

Management's Discussion and Analysis
May 31, 2020 and 2019

Summary of Water and Sewer

Assets

Property and Plant – Net

The Utility recorded approximately \$6,277,000 of plant and property additions during the year ended May 31, 2020. These additions included approximately \$1,873,000 for the Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) project, approximately \$1,468,000 for development of the future Water Treatment Plant #4, upgrades to the North Waste Water Treatment Plant of approximately \$1,541,000, approximately \$911,000 for water tank painting and distribution system improvements of approximately \$146,000. Current year depreciation expense was approximately \$1,074,000.

The Utility recorded approximately \$2,035,000 of plant and property additions during the year ended May 31, 2019. These additions included approximately \$1,135,000 for development of the future Water Treatment Plant #4, upgrades to the North Waste Water Treatment Plant of approximately \$426,000, and distribution system improvements of approximately \$192,000. Current year depreciation expense was approximately \$1,043,000.

Additional information on the Utility's capital assets can be found in *Note 4* of this report.

Restricted Assets and Other Noncurrent Assets

Restricted assets and others include nonoperational funds set aside for specific projects and other miscellaneous assets. The pension asset in 2019 moving to a liability in 2020 decreased other assets \$527,000.

Restricted assets include nonoperational funds set aside for specific projects and other miscellaneous assets. The creation of a net pension asset in 2019 increased other assets \$527,000.

Current Assets

During 2020, the increase in current assets of approximately \$2,667,000 consists primarily of the increase of approximately \$2,334,000 in cash. This increase includes approximately \$1,000,000 in prior year expenses reimbursed with current year financing. The remaining current asset accounts were relatively flat when compared to the prior year.

During 2019, the decrease in current assets of approximately \$1,401,000 consists primarily of the decrease of approximately \$713,000 in cash for development of the future Water Treatment Plant #4. The remaining current asset accounts were relatively flat when compared to the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
May 31, 2020 and 2019

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The 2020 increase of approximately \$196,000 in deferred outflows of resources was a result of an increase in the pension related deferred outflows of resources of approximately \$180,000 and the increase in the postretirement benefits deferred outflows of resources of approximately \$16,000.

The 2019 decrease of approximately \$332,000 in deferred outflows of resources was a result of a decrease in the pension related deferred outflows of resources of approximately \$345,000 offset with the increase in the postretirement benefits deferred outflows of resources of approximately \$13,000.

Liabilities

Long-Term Debt, Net

Long-term debt increased in 2020 by approximately \$6,963,000 including new capital leases for the North Wastewater Treatment plant upgrades and two leases in the Water Department for projects including the new Wastewater Treatment plant #4, AMI, and water tank painting. These are offset with the scheduled payments of current leases. The debt maturities on the capital lease obligations vary over the next 10 years.

Long-term debt decreased in 2019 by approximately \$385,000 with the scheduled payments of current leases. The long-term debt balance at year end reflects the future capital lease obligations. The debt maturities on the capital lease obligations vary over the next 10 years.

Additional information on the Utility's long-term debt can be found in *Note 5* of this report.

Current Liabilities

Current liabilities increased approximately \$255,000 from 2019 to 2020 due to the increase in current long-term debt of approximately \$239,000, an increase of approximately \$50,000 in accrued interest and an increase of approximately \$32,000 in other accruals offset with a decrease of accounts payable of approximately \$66,000.

Current liabilities increased approximately \$47,000 from 2018 to 2019 due to the increase in accounts payables of approximately \$107,000 and increase of current long-term debt offset with the decrease of approximately \$73,000 in other accruals.

Other Noncurrent Liabilities

During 2020, the other noncurrent liabilities increased approximately \$847,000 due to the increase of approximately \$867,000 in the net pension liability offset with the decrease of approximately \$29,000 in the postretirement benefit liability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2020 and 2019

During 2019, the other noncurrent liabilities increased approximately \$591,000 due to the increase of approximately \$869,000 in the postretirement benefit liability offset with the decrease of approximately \$255,000 in the net pension liability.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the decrease in deferred inflows of resources was a result of a decrease in the pension related inflows of \$94,000.

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the increase in deferred inflows of resources was a result of an increase in the pension related inflows of \$355,000.

Summary of Water & Sewer Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	May 31,				
		2020	2019		2018
Operating Revenues	\$	5,625,388	\$ 5,215,030	\$	5,055,477
Operating Expenses		6,599,393	5,375,416		5,299,443
Operating Loss		(974,005)	(160,386)		(243,966)
Interest and Other Income		836,653	528,798		527,277
Interest Expense		(295,568)	 (151,169)		(163,173)
Nonoperating Income (Expense), Net		541,085	 377,629		364,104
Change in Net Position	\$	(432,920)	\$ 217,243	\$	120,138

Operating Revenues

During 2020, consolidated water and sewer operating revenues increased approximately \$410,000. Water revenues increased in fiscal 2020 by approximately \$215,000 compared to fiscal 2019. Water gallons sold were down 4.3 percent in fiscal 2020 compared to fiscal 2019. Sewer revenues increased approximately \$196,000. Sewer gallons treated were down 1.7 percent from fiscal 2019. Rate increases for both water and sewer departments went into effect January 1, 2020.

During 2019, consolidated water and sewer operating revenues increased approximately \$160,000. Water revenues increased in fiscal 2019 by approximately \$158,000 compared to fiscal 2018. Water gallons sold were down .24 percent in fiscal 2019 compared to fiscal 2018. Sewer revenues increased approximately \$2,000. Sewer gallons treated were down .33 percent from fiscal 2018. Rate increases for both water and sewer departments went into effect as of January 1, 2019.

Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2020 and 2019

Operating Expenses

During 2020, consolidated water and sewer operating expenses increased approximately \$1,224,000. This increase was from the increase in the pension expense of approximately \$1,259,000 with the change in the pension plan.

During 2019, consolidated water and sewer operating expenses increased approximately \$76,000. Production expenses increased \$115,000 mainly in the Sewer Department from the increase of \$51,000 in the supplies and \$15,000 to clean out the digester.

Nonoperating Income (Expense), Net

During 2020, nonoperating income, net increased approximately \$163,000. The increase was mainly due to the increase in miscellaneous income of approximately \$253,000 for reimbursement lease payments on the North Wastewater Treatment plant offset by increased interest expense of approximately \$144,000.

During 2019, nonoperating income, net increased approximately \$13,500. The increase was mainly due to the decrease in interest expense.

Balance Sheets May 31, 2020 and 2019

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

	2020	2019
Assets		
Property and Plant		
Property and plant, at original cost	\$ 361,860,911	\$ 356,627,386
Accumulated depreciation	(306,561,087)	(289,763,402)
	55,299,824	66,863,984
Construction work in progress	9,868,334	2,386,552
Total property and plant, net	65,168,158	69,250,536
Restricted Assets		
Debt service reserve account	14,715,096	14,681,428
Debt service account	13,728,017	13,350,876
	28,443,113	28,032,304
Less amount required to meet current obligations	(14,198,561)	(13,872,909)
Total restricted assets	14,244,552	14,159,395
Other Noncurrent Assets		
Net pension asset		3,102,317
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	30,426,605	31,659,158
Restricted assets - current	14,198,561	13,872,909
Accounts receivable, net	6,376,493	7,004,498
Coal inventories	6,382,388	2,041,553
Materials and supplies	5,541,057	5,026,483
Prepaid expenses and other assets	775,449	760,437
Total current assets	63,700,553	60,365,038
Total assets	143,113,263	146,877,286
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Unamortized loss on debt refundings	3,941,285	5,744,273
Pension related	4,711,885	3,577,876
Other postemployment benefits related	175,272	79,374
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,828,442	9,401,523
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 151,941,705	\$ 156,278,809

Net Position, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

	2020	2019
Net Position		_
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,388,691	\$ 11,080,513
Restricted	27,599,445	26,803,225
Unrestricted	31,822,155	36,100,306
Total net position	71,810,291	73,984,044
Long-Term Debt	41,158,846	47,407,053
Add: Unamortized bond premium	2,388,919	3,583,399
Less: Unamortized bond discount	(33,635)	(49,151)
Total long-term debt, net	43,514,130	50,941,301
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		
Net pension liability	5,100,181	-
Total other postemployment benefit liability	4,936,052	5,109,477
Accrued compensated absences	1,108,387	1,025,854
Total other noncurrent liabilities	11,144,620	6,135,331
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets		
Current maturities of long-term debt	13,211,561	12,587,784
Accrued interest payable	987,000	1,285,125
	14,198,561	13,872,909
Current Liabilities Payable from Unrestricted Assets		
Accounts payable	2,397,927	2,206,686
Current maturities of long-term debt	624,109	385,210
Accrued interest payable	50,473	-
Customer deposits	695,221	641,247
Accrued mine shutdown costs	1,227,768	1,399,583
Other accruals	1,834,675	1,718,400
	6,830,173	6,351,126
Total current liabilities	21,028,734	20,224,035
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension related	4,443,930	4,994,098
Total net position, liabilities,		
and deferred inflows of resources	\$ 151,941,705	\$ 156,278,809
		40

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating Revenues		
Retail	\$ 33,282,039	\$ 32,528,652
Wholesale	52,815,854	56,477,233
Total operating revenues	86,097,893	89,005,885
Operating Expenses		
Production and operations	43,529,062	46,059,575
Purchased power	6,723,989	6,105,461
Distribution costs	3,231,202	3,079,274
Depreciation Depreciation	16,797,685	15,910,964
General and administrative	6,755,515	6,386,357
Pension expense	8,762,770	1,287,539
Other post-employment benefits expense	370,828	376,338
Donated services	1,041,461	1,002,914
Mine shutdown costs	128,185	210,233
Other operating expenses	828,383	791,871
Other operating expenses	020,303	771,071
Total operating expenses	88,169,080	81,210,526
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,071,187)	7,795,359
Nonoperating Income (Expense)		
Interest income	972,160	1,356,383
Interest expense	(3,079,760)	(3,456,127)
Miscellaneous, net	2,005,034	1,001,443
Net nonoperating expense	(102,566)	(1,098,301)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(2,173,753)	6,697,058
Net Position		
Beginning of year	73,984,044	67,286,986
End of year	\$ 71,810,291	\$ 73,984,044

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Cook Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and others	\$ 86,779,872	\$ 88,820,866
Payments to suppliers	(59,329,983)	(54,378,391)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(10,178,208)	(9,355,109)
Payments for mine shutdown costs	(300,000)	
Payments for filline shutdown costs	(300,000)	(240,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	16,971,681	24,847,366
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Decrease (increase) in temporary investments maintained in debt		
service accounts	(410,809)	219,395
Interest received	972,160	1,356,383
Net cash provided by investing activities	561,351	1,575,778
Cash Flows from Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		
Purchase of property and plant, net	(12,681,700)	(7,390,261)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	7,787,630	-
Payment of long-term debt and capital lease obligations	(13,173,161)	(12,376,954)
Interest paid	(2,703,388)	(3,554,811)
Other nonoperating revenues	2,005,034	1,001,443
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(18,765,585)	(22,320,583)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(1,232,553)	4,102,561
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Beginning of year	31,659,158	27,556,597
End of year	\$ 30,426,605	\$ 31,659,158

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

	 2020		2019
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash			
Provided by Operating Activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,071,187)	\$	7,795,359
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	(,- , , - , ,	·	.,,.
net cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	16,797,685		15,910,964
Mine shutdown costs	128,185		210,233
Payments for mine shutdown costs	(300,000)		(240,000)
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,			, , ,
liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	628,005		(218,358)
(Increase) decrease in coal inventories	(4,340,835)		2,480,664
(Increase) decrease in materials and supplies	(514,574)		(612)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	(15,012)		80,203
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions	(1,134,009)		1,976,937
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to other			
postemployment benefits	(95,898)		(79,374)
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset	3,102,317		(3,102,317)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	356,442		(527,489)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits and other liabilities	53,974		33,339
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	5,100,181		(1,501,184)
Increase (decrease) in total postemployment benefit liability	(173,425)		(61,265)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions	 (550,168)		2,090,266
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 16,971,681	\$	24,847,366
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities			
Amounts payable incurred for purchases of capital assets	\$ 33,607	\$	184,088

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

The Board of Municipal Utilities of Sikeston, Missouri (the "Board" or the "Utility") is a municipally owned and operated enterprise engaged in the generation, distribution, and sale of electric energy to wholesale and retail customers, and the treatment, distribution, and sale of water and operation of a sanitary sewer system within the city limits of the city of Sikeston, Missouri (the "City"). The Board's primary asset is a 235 megawatt coal-fired generation station (the "Sikeston Power Station") located in the City. The Utility has contractual agreements (the "Agreements") with the Missouri cities of Carthage, Columbia, Fulton, and West Plains to sell certain amounts of wholesale electric energy. The Agreements state that each city will purchase a specified entitlement share of power at 110 percent of its proportionate share of the monthly power costs (including debt service costs related to the revenue bond issue) as defined in the Agreements for various annual periods extending through the useful life of the plant. Additional capacity has been negotiated at 100 percent in certain agreements. The Agreements also state that each city will pay for the capacity to which it is entitled, whether or not available, and whether or not utilized. The total plant capacity allocated to these cities is 50 percent of the Sikeston Power Station. The remaining capacity of the Sikeston Power Station is primarily used to serve retail electric customers located in the City. The Board also routinely enters into short-term contractual agreements with various municipalities and other third parties to sell electric energy. Excess generation not sold to retail or wholesale customers is sold on the "spot" market at prevailing market prices.

The Utility is managed by a bi-partisan board, which consists of four members appointed by the City council for a term of four years each. This board is responsible for establishing the Utility's policies, rules, and regulations that govern the day-to-day operations of the utility system. The Utility functions as a separate unit of the City government.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The Utility is accounted for as a business-type entity. Significant interdepartment accounts, including interdepartment sales, have been eliminated. The Board accounts for its transactions on the economic resources measurement focus and uses the accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and follow accounting guidance provided by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the regulated operations provisions of GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which permit certain entities with cost-based rates to defer certain costs or income that would otherwise be recognized when incurred to the extent that the rate-regulated entity is recovering or expects to recover such amounts in future rates charged to its customers. This method includes the philosophy that debt service requirements, as opposed to depreciation or amortization, are a cost for rate making purposes. At May 31, 2020 and 2019, there were no regulatory assets or liabilities recorded. The Board's accounting records generally follow the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions which impact the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Property and Plant

The costs of additions to and betterments of units of property and plant are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs, including replacement of minor items of property, are charged to expense as incurred. When units of depreciable property are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any gain or loss is recorded.

Depreciation

Provisions for depreciation of property and plant are charged to expense and credited to accumulated depreciation in accordance with a policy of providing for the retirement of depreciable property and plant over its expected useful life on a straight-line basis except for the original cost of the Sikeston Power Station.

The Utility uses the sinking fund method of depreciation for the original cost of the Sikeston Power Station. Depreciation is based on the annual principal and interest requirements on the Electric System Revenue Bonds. At May 31, 2020 and 2019, the original cost of the Sikeston Power Station less retirements was approximately \$184,091,000 and accumulated depreciation was approximately \$171,622,000 and \$162,909,000, respectively.

Depreciation on additions to the Sikeston Power Station is charged to expense in the period that the related revenue is recognized. Otherwise, purchased property and plant are recorded at cost. Property and plant other than the Sikeston Power Station are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 3 to 50 years, using the straight-line method.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Lives of major classes of depreciable property other than the Sikeston Power Station are:

Class	Years
Buildings	40 - 50
Plant in service	4 - 40
Distribution systems	20 - 40
Trucks and autos	4
Railcars	14
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3 – 10
Telecommunications	3

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of interest-bearing cash accounts and fixed income securities held at financial institutions. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices.

Investment income includes dividend and interest income, realized gains and losses on investments carried at other than fair value and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value.

In accordance with the bond ordinance, certain bond proceeds have been deposited in restricted accounts for the purposes of payment of revenue bond principal and interest.

Bond Discounts, Premiums, and Losses on Refunding

Premiums and discounts associated with bonds are deferred and amortized over the term of the related indebtedness and are shown in long-term debt. Losses incurred in conjunction with debt refunding are deferred and amortized over the term of the related indebtedness and are included in deferred outflows of resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Utility has defined cash and cash equivalents as all highly liquid investments that mature within 90 days. The carrying amount approximates fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. Investments in restricted accounts are excluded from cash and cash equivalents. At May 31, 2020 and 2019, cash equivalents consisted of money market funds held through financial institutions.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Accounts, Notes, and Other Receivables

An estimate is made for the provision for uncollectible accounts based on an analysis of the aging of accounts receivable and historical write-offs, net of recoveries. Additional amounts may be included based upon the credit risks of significant parties. The allowance totaled approximately \$134,000 and \$116,000 as of May 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Coal Inventories and Materials and Supplies

The Board has an agreement with Western Fuels Association, Inc. (WFA) for the procurement of coal through December 31, 2022. Under the provisions of this agreement and related coal supply agreements, the Board is required to purchase a minimum of 600,000 tons of coal per year through December 31, 2022. The price of coal is based on costs incurred by WFA to acquire and supply the coal over the life of the agreement. The Utility has an agreement for delivery of this coal with the BNSF Railway Company which extends through December 31, 2022. The cost to deliver the coal is established through a base price, which is adjusted quarterly by indices set forth in the agreement. During each calendar year, there is a Minimum Annual Volume Requirement in the agreement which will not be less than 600,000 tons. Coal inventories and material and supplies are stated at the lower of average cost or market, cost being determined on the basis of moving average price.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Utility reports the consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheet. These outflows include unamortized loss related to debt refundings, as well as pension related items.

The Utility reports an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its balance sheet. These inflows include pension related items.

Net Position Classification

Net position is required to be classified into three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt that is attributable to those assets.
- Restricted consists of those assets that have constraints placed upon their use imposed either by creditors (such as through debt covenants) or through laws, regulations, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, reduced by any liabilities to be paid from these assets.
- Unrestricted consists of the net amount of assets that do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Revenue and Fuel Costs

The Utility records revenue as services are rendered and includes an estimate for services delivered but unbilled at year-end. Wholesale revenue is recorded based upon monthly consumption billed at budgeted annual production costs (including debt service and excluding depreciation) and is adjusted annually to reflect actual production costs incurred. Fuel costs are expensed as the fuel is consumed.

Donated Services

The City is not charged by the Board for services rendered to the City. Such services include street lights, fire hydrants, and consumption of electricity and water by other City departments. The Utility is not currently required to pay franchise or property taxes to the City. Donated services totaled approximately \$791,000 and \$753,000 for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Vacation and Sick Leave

Under the terms of the Utility's personnel policy, employees are granted vacation and sick leave. Supervisory and management employees accrue annual leave, which can be used for both vacation and sick leave. At the end of each calendar year, any employee's unused annual leave from that year will be accumulated, up to the maximum of 960 hours. In the event of termination, the employee is paid for 75 percent of accumulated annual leave. Full-time hourly employees begin to accrue vacation after one year of service and can rollover up to 40 hours of unused time to the next calendar year. Hourly employees also receive sick leave which can be accumulated up to the maximum 960 hours. In the event of termination, the employee will be paid for unused and unexpired accrued vacation leave and 40 percent of accumulated sick leave if the employee has ever reached 500 hours. The liabilities for accrued annual leave, sick leave, and vacation leave are presented as other liabilities in both the noncurrent and current portions of the accompanying balance sheets, representing the estimated amounts to be paid in future years to current employees for services rendered through the current year.

Agent Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Non-Trusted Single - Employer

The Utility has a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan, providing health insurance to retirees (the "OPEB Plan"). For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Risk Management

The Utility is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters other than employee health claims. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

The Utility is self-insured for a portion of its exposure to risk of loss from employee health claims. Annual estimated provisions are accrued for the self-insured portion of employee health claims and include an estimate of the ultimate costs for both reported claims and claims incurred but not yet reported.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2019 financial statements to conform to the 2020 financial statement presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the change in net position.

Revisions

Certain immaterial revisions have been made to the 2019 financial statements, *Note* 2, and *Note* 5 for \$1,025,854 of noncurrent obligations for accrued compensated absences that were previously included in current liabilities, and \$56,046 of cash and cash equivalents that were previously included as restricted assets. These revisions did not have a significant impact on the financial statement line items impacted.

Note 2: Deposits, Investments, and Investment Income

The Utility maintains cash and investment securities and bond ordinance permits investments in direct obligations, in U.S. government securities and agencies, federal instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, and interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts as designated by the ordinance.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a Utility's deposits may not be returned to it. The Utility's deposit policy for custodial risk requires compliance with the provision of the state law. State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal insurance and other acceptable collateral in specific amounts. At May 31, 2020 and 2019, none of the Utility's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities' investment portfolio includes securities that are either insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities' agents in Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities' name.

The following represents Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities' total deposits and investments at May 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Electric System		
U.S. government agency obligations	\$ 18,329,000	\$ -
Deposits	36,101,910	57,716,687
Total deposits and investments	\$ 54,430,910	\$ 57,716,687
Water and Sewer System		
Deposits	4,438,808	1,974,775
Total deposits and investments	\$ 4,438,808	\$ 1,974,775
Water and Sewer System Deposits	4,438,808	1,974,7

Deposits and investments are included in the following balance sheet accounts at May 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020	2019
Electric System		
Debt service reserve account	\$ 14,715,096	\$ 14,681,428
Debt service account	13,728,017	13,350,876
Cash and cash equivalents	25,987,797	29,684,383
	\$ 54,430,910	\$ 57,716,687
Water and Sewer System		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,438,808	\$ 1,974,775
	\$ 4,438,808	\$ 1,974,775

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

As of May 31, 2020 and 2019, Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities held cash and investments for restricted and designated purposes as follows:

	2020	2019
Electric System		
Debt service reserve account – revenue bonds	\$ 14,715,096	\$ 14,681,428
Debt service account – revenue bonds	13,728,017	13,350,876
Designated funds		
Contingency fund investments	5,247,190	5,166,984
Operations and maintenance reserve	7,738,424	11,286,792
Retail rate stabilization	493,280	485,742
Mine shutdown costs	3,450,379	3,397,624
Total restricted and designated	45,372,386	48,369,446
Unrestricted and undesignated	9,058,524	9,347,241
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 54,430,910	\$ 57,716,687
Water & Sewer System		
Designated funds		
Capital replacement reserve	\$ 193,805	\$ 56,046
Operations and maintenance reserve	1,756,358	1,761,552
Force main construction costs	-	127,235
Lagoon sludge cleanout fund	335,417	-
Construction fund sewer treatment plant improvements	629,054	
Total restricted and designated	2,914,634	1,944,833
Unrestricted and undesignated	1,524,174	29,942
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,438,808	\$ 1,974,775

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of the Utility's fixed income investments will decrease as a result of increases in interest rates. The bond ordinance has no formal policy for interest rate risk.

As of May 31, 2020, the Utility's investment portfolio matures as follows.

Investment Type			Investm	ent Maturi	ties		
	Fair			More than			
	Value	1 year	5 years	10 չ	/ears	10 ye	ars
U.S. government agency obligations	\$ 18,329,000	\$ 18,329,000	\$	- \$		\$	

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

As of May 31, 2019, the Utility held no investments with future maturities.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that the Utility will not recover its investment due to the inability of the counterparty to fulfill its obligations. As a means of limiting credit risk, the Utilities' bond ordinance permits investments in U.S. government-backed securities with a minimum rating of "AA" by Standard and Poor's Corporation and an "Aa" by Moody's Investors Services. As of May 31, 2020, the Utility's investment in government agencies was assigned long-term ratings of Aaa by Moody's Investors Services and AA+ by Standard and Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Utility's investment in a single issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are excluded from this requirement. The Utility purchases investments that carry the implicit backing of the U.S. government, but are not direct obligations of the U.S. government. As of May 31, 2020, as reported at fair value, the Utility's U.S. agency securities consisted of \$15,923,000 in Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) discount notes and \$2,406,000 in U.S. Treasury notes.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Utility will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. While the Utility's investment policy does not directly address custodial credit risk, all investments held by the Utility or by an agent of the Utility are in the Utility's name.

Note 3: Disclosure About the Fair Value of Investments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in an active market for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels of fair value hierarchy defined in GASB Statement No. 72 are as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The Utility currently does not have Level 1 assets or liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

- Level 2 Pricing inputs are other than quoted market prices in the active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability as of the reporting date. Level 2 inputs include the following:
 - quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; or
 - inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 2 assets primarily include U.S. Treasury, federal agency securities, and other U.S. government secured mortgage bonds, held in the Utility funds and certain investments in current assets.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs include significant inputs that are unobservable and cannot be corroborated by market data. Level 3 assets and liabilities are valued based on internally developed models and assumptions or methodologies using significant unobservable inputs. The Utility currently does not have Level 3 assets or liabilities.

The Utility performs an analysis annually to determine the appropriate hierarchy level classification of the assets and liabilities that are included within the scope of GASB Statement No. 72. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to their fair value measurement.

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurement of assets recognized in the accompanying balance sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which fair value measurements fall at May 31, 2020. The Utility held no investments measured at fair value at May 31, 2019.

	2020								
	Lev	/el 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total			
Investments by Fair Value Level									
U.S. government agency securities	\$		\$ 18,329,000	\$		\$ 18,329,000			
	\$		\$ 18,329,000	\$		\$ 18,329,000			

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended May 31, 2020, is as follows:

Electric System

	2020							
	Beginning Balance	Additions Disposals		Transfers/ Adjustments	Ending Balance			
Land	\$ 6,417,709	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,417,709			
Buildings	45,819,416	311,695	-	-	46,131,111			
Plant in service	206,520,664	1,962,313	-	-	208,482,977			
Distribution system	41,632,599	593,720	-	-	42,226,319			
Trucks and autos	1,375,305	444,761	-	-	1,820,066			
Railcars	11,672,689	-	-	-	11,672,689			
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	4,667,574	575,282	-	-	5,242,856			
Telecommunications equipment	1,739,260	-	-	-	1,739,260			
Capitalized interest	9,003,901	-	-	-	9,003,901			
Construction in progress	1,187,867	2,591,994	(41,047)		3,738,814			
	330,036,984	6,479,765	(41,047)	-	336,475,702			
Less - accumulated depreciation	(270,502,915)	(15,723,726)			(286,226,641)			
	\$ 59,534,069	\$ (9,243,961)	\$ (41,047)	\$ -	\$ 50,249,061			

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Water and Sewer System

				2020		
	 Beginning Balance	Additions	Di	sposals	nsfers/ stments	Ending Balance
Land	\$ 919,783	\$ 1,984	\$	-	\$ _	\$ 921,767
Buildings	4,922,760	-		-	-	4,922,760
Plant in service	10,746,270	119,796		-	-	10,866,066
Distribution system	7,557,533	81,426		-	-	7,638,959
Trucks and autos	460,493	66,630		-	-	527,123
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3,160,437	1,075,918		-	-	4,236,355
Capitalized interest	10,993	-		-	-	10,993
Construction in progress	1,198,685	4,930,835		-		6,129,520
	28,976,954	6,276,589		-	-	35,253,543
Less - accumulated depreciation	 (19,260,487)	 (1,073,959)				 (20,334,446)
	\$ 9,716,467	\$ 5,202,630	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 14,919,097
Total System Combined	\$ 69,250,536	\$ (4,041,331)	\$	(41,047)	\$ -	\$ 65,168,158

Capital asset activity for the year ended May 31, 2019, is as follows:

Electric System

,			2019		
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Additions Disposals		Ending Balance
Land	\$ 6,417,709	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,417,709
Buildings	45,491,560	327,856	-	-	45,819,416
Plant in service	203,023,254	3,497,410	-	-	206,520,664
Distribution system	41,118,031	514,568	-	-	41,632,599
Trucks and autos	1,359,679	174,235	(158,609)	-	1,375,305
Railcars	11,672,689	-	-	-	11,672,689
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	4,948,261	685,086	(965,773)	-	4,667,574
Telecommunications equipment	1,739,260	-	-	-	1,739,260
Capitalized interest	9,003,901	-	-	-	9,003,901
Construction in progress	847,699	340,168			1,187,867
	325,622,043	5,539,323	(1,124,382)	-	330,036,984
Less - accumulated depreciation	(256,759,741)	(14,867,556)	1,124,382		(270,502,915)
	\$ 68,862,302	\$ (9,328,233)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,534,069

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Water and Sewer System

					2019			
	ı	Beginning				T	ransfers/	Ending
		Balance	Additions	D	isposals	Ad	justments	Balance
Land	\$	215,851	\$ 703,932	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 919,783
Buildings		4,871,837	50,923		-		-	4,922,760
Plant in service		10,692,265	54,005		-		-	10,746,270
Distribution system		7,365,087	192,446		-		=	7,557,533
Trucks and autos		501,153	23,936		(64,596)		-	460,493
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		3,109,602	136,062		(85,227)		-	3,160,437
Capitalized interest		10,993	-		-		=	10,993
Construction in progress		324,963	873,722		-		_	1,198,685
		27,091,751	2,035,026		(149,823)		_	28,976,954
Less - accumulated depreciation		(18,366,902)	(1,043,408)		149,823			(19,260,487)
	\$	8,724,849	\$ 991,618	\$		\$		\$ 9,716,467
Total System Combined	\$	77,587,151	\$ (8,336,615)	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 69,250,536

Note 5: Long-Term Obligations

The Board's long-term indebtedness (excluding current maturities of long-term debt and unamortized bond discounts, and premiums) as of May 31, 2020 and 2019, is comprised of the following obligations.

	2020	2019
Electric System		
Electric revenue bonds, issued July 19, 2012, 3% to 5%		
due in installments through June 1, 2022	\$ 26,955,000	\$ 39,480,000
Capital lease obligations	3,415,331	4,101,893
	30,370,331	43,581,893
Water and Sewer System		
Capital lease obligations	10,788,515	3,825,160
Total System Combined	\$ 41,158,846	\$ 47,407,053

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

The summarized activity of the Board's long-term debt (including current maturities of long-term debt) during the year ended May 31, 2020, is presented below:

						2020				
	Beginning Balance		A	Additions	R	eductions	Ending Balance		Amount Due in One Year	
Electric System										
2012 Revenue Bonds	\$	51,405,000	\$	-	\$	11,925,000	\$	39,480,000	\$	12,525,000
2009 Train Car Capital Lease		3,440,999		-		298,186		3,142,813		311,244
2013 Train Car Capital Lease		1,323,678				364,599		959,079		375,317
		56,169,677		-		12,587,785		43,581,892		13,211,561
Add: Unamortized premium		3,583,399		-		(1,194,480)		2,388,919		-
Less: Unamortized discount		(49,151)		-	_	15,516		(33,635)		
Total long-term debt		59,703,925		-		13,766,749		45,937,176		13,211,561
Other long-term liabilities Accrued compensated absences		977,992		116,380		40,099		1,054,273		108,423
Total long-term obligations	\$	60,681,917	\$	116,380	\$	13,806,848	\$	46,991,449	\$	13,319,984
Water & Sewer System										
2014 Sewer Improvements Lease	\$	2,693,449	\$	-	\$	253,424	\$	2,440,025	\$	261,862
2017 Sewer Force Main Project		1,516,921		-		131,787		1,385,134		136,835
2020 Sewer Lagoon Upgrades		-		2,550,000		200,165		2,349,835		225,412
2019 Water Financing		-		4,478,615		-		4,478,615		-
2020 Water Financing				759,015		-		759,015		-
Total long-term debt		4,210,370		7,787,630		585,376		11,412,624		624,109
Other long-term liabilities										
Accrued compensated absences		171,047		17,020		6,613		181,454		18,917
Total long-term obligations		4,381,417		7,804,650		591,989		11,594,078		643,026
Total System Combined	\$	65,063,334	\$	7,921,030	\$	14,398,837	\$	58,585,527	\$	13,963,010

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

The summarized activity of the Board's long-term debt (including current maturities of long-term debt) during the year ended May 31, 2019, is presented below:

2019									
		Ad	dditions	R	eductions		Ending Balance		mount Due One Year
\$	62,770,000	\$	-	\$	11,365,000	\$	51,405,000	\$	11,925,000
	3,726,314		-		285,315		3,440,999		298,186
	1,677,864				354,186		1,323,678		364,598
	68,174,178		-		12,004,501		56,169,677		12,587,784
	4,777,879		-		(1,194,480)		3,583,399		-
	(63,853)				14,702		(49,151)		
	72,888,204		-		13,184,279		59,703,925		12,587,784
	1,076,607		124,038		222,653		977,992		104,992
\$	73,964,811	\$	124,038	\$	13,406,932	\$	60,681,917	\$	12,692,776
\$	2,938,706	\$	_	\$	245,257	\$	2,693,449	\$	253,423
	1,644,117		-		127,196		1,516,921		131,787
	4,582,823		-		372,453		4,210,370		385,210
	102 200		41 240		<i>(2, (</i>)2		171 047		10 102
	192,399		41,340		62,692		171,047		18,193
	4,775,222		41,340		435,145		4,381,417		403,403
\$	78,740,033	\$	165,378	\$	13,842,077	\$	65,063,334	\$	13,096,179
	\$ \$	3,726,314 1,677,864 68,174,178 4,777,879 (63,853) 72,888,204 1,076,607 \$ 73,964,811 \$ 2,938,706 1,644,117 4,582,823 192,399 4,775,222	\$ 62,770,000 \$ 3,726,314	\$ 62,770,000 \$ - 3,726,314 - 1,677,864 - 68,174,178 - 4,777,879 - (63,853) - 72,888,204 - 1,076,607 124,038 \$ 73,964,811 \$ 124,038 \$ 1,644,117 - 4,582,823 - 192,399 41,340 4,775,222 41,340	\$ 62,770,000 \$ - \$ 3,726,314 - 1,677,864 - 68,174,178 - (63,853) - 72,888,204 - 1,076,607 124,038 \$ \$ 73,964,811 \$ 124,038 \$ \$ 2,938,706 \$ - \$ 1,644,117 - 4,582,823 - 192,399 41,340 4,775,222 41,340	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions \$ 62,770,000 \$ - \$ 11,365,000 3,726,314 - 285,315 1,677,864 - 354,186 68,174,178 - 12,004,501 4,777,879 - (1,194,480) (63,853) - 14,702 72,888,204 - 13,184,279 1,076,607 124,038 222,653 \$ 73,964,811 \$ 124,038 \$ 13,406,932 \$ 2,938,706 \$ - \$ 245,257 1,644,117 - 127,196 4,582,823 - 372,453 192,399 41,340 62,692 4,775,222 41,340 435,145	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions \$ 62,770,000 \$ - \$ 11,365,000 \$ 3,726,314 \$ 1,677,864 - 285,315 354,186 \$ 68,174,178 - 12,004,501 4,777,879 - (1,194,480) \$ (63,853) - 14,702 14,702 13,184,279 \$ 72,888,204 - 13,184,279 \$ 222,653 \$ 73,964,811 \$ 124,038 \$ 13,406,932 \$ \$ 1,644,177 \$ 245,257 \$ 1,644,117 - 127,196 4,582,823 - 372,453 \$ 192,399 41,340 62,692 4,775,222 41,340 435,145 435,145 \$ 245,145 \$ 2	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions Ending Balance \$ 62,770,000 \$ - \$ 11,365,000 \$ 51,405,000 3,726,314 - 285,315 3,440,999 1,677,864 - 354,186 1,323,678 68,174,178 - 12,004,501 56,169,677 4,777,879 - (1,194,480) 3,583,399 (63,853) - 14,702 (49,151) 72,888,204 - 13,184,279 59,703,925 1,076,607 124,038 222,653 977,992 \$ 73,964,811 \$ 124,038 \$ 13,406,932 \$ 60,681,917 \$ 2,938,706 - \$ 245,257 \$ 2,693,449 1,644,117 - 127,196 1,516,921 4,582,823 - 372,453 4,210,370 192,399 41,340 62,692 171,047 4,775,222 41,340 435,145 4,381,417	Beginning Balance Additions Reductions Ending Balance Are in a second or in a se

On September 4, 2012, \$85,760,000 of the 1996 Series Electric System Revenue Bonds were refunded with the proceeds from the issuance of the \$73,620,000 2012 Series Electric Refunding Bonds. A bond premium of approximately \$12,000,000 and debt issuance costs of \$498,000 were recorded in relation to the refunding. The remaining balance of the original loss on refunding of \$932,000 is included on the Utility's balance sheets in deferred outflows of resources. The amount is being amortized over the life of the bonds. At May 31, 2020 and 2019, \$39,480,000 and \$51,405,000, respectively, of these bonds remains outstanding.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Interest payments on the 2012 Bonds are due semiannually on June 1 and December 1 at interest rates ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent. The first principal payment was due on June 1, 2017, and then principal payments are due annually on June 1 through 2022.

The estimated fair value of the electric revenue bonds outstanding at May 31, 2020 and 2019, is approximately \$41,149,000 and \$53,643,000, respectively. Fair value, which was obtained from a broker, was estimated by calculating market premiums or discounts to face values for the issues based on rates currently available for debt with similar terms.

The debt service to maturity on the outstanding bonds and obligations as of May 31, 2020, is summarized in the following tables:

			Electric System nds	Capital	Leases
	Total to Be Paid	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
Year Ending May 31,					
2021	\$ 15,034,827	\$ 12,525,000	\$ 1,660,875	\$ 686,561	\$ 162,391
2022	15,017,951	13,150,000	1,019,000	712,026	136,925
2023	14,798,782	13,805,000	345,125	537,781	110,876
2024	448,362	-	-	355,720	92,642
2025	448,362	-	-	371,540	76,822
2026 - 2030	1,569,284			1,438,264	131,020
	\$ 47,317,568	\$ 39,480,000	\$ 3,025,000	\$ 4,101,892	\$ 710,676

Water and Sewer System

Capital Leases Total to Be **Paid Principal** Interest Year Ending May 31, 2021 \$ 624,109 124,551 748,660 2022 756,259 645,520 110,739 2023 6,003,070 5,906,624 96,446 2024 690,491 81,743 772,234 2025 780,627 714,269 66,358 2026 - 2030 2,936,046 2,831,611 104,435 11,996,896 \$ 11,412,624 \$ 584,272

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 6: Lease Obligations

The Board maintains capital leases for aluminum coal railcars and a vacuum truck with interest rates varying from 1.4 percent to 4.4 percent due through 2028, and for sewer and water treatment plant equipment with interest rates varying from 2.76 percent to 3.66 percent due through 2030. Property and equipment include the following property under capital lease:

	2020	2019
Equipment and construction in process Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 22,738,464 7,492,027	\$ 14,950,834 6,491,140
	\$ 15,246,437	\$ 8,459,694

These amounts are included in the respective property and plant classification within *Note 4* and the future minimum lease payments are included in the schedule of debt maturities in *Note 5*.

Note 7: Bond Ordinance and Debt Service Requirements

Electric System

On February 23, 1978, the City enacted the Electric System Revenue Bond Ordinance. The bond ordinance was supplemented by the 1992, 1996, and 2012 Series Revenue Bond Ordinances. The ordinance, as updated, provides, among other things, the following:

- a. The bonds will not constitute a general obligation of the City nor an indebtedness of the City.
- b. The bonds will be payable solely from and secured solely by a pledge of the (i) proceeds of the bonds, (ii) the revenues derived by the City from the ownership and operation of the Electric System, and (iii) all funds established under the ordinance.
- c. The Utility will at all times establish and collect rates for the sale of output of the Electric System to provide revenue sufficient to cover operation and maintenance expenses, 110 percent of aggregate debt service costs, required deposits into accounts established by the ordinance, and all other charges payable from revenues.
- d. The Utility shall keep proper books of records and accounts relating to the Electric System in accordance with the FERC Uniform System of Accounts prescribed for Class A and Class B Public Utilities and Licensees.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

In accordance with the bond ordinance, certain bond proceeds have been deposited in restricted accounts maintained by a Trustee, The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (the "Trustee"). The ordinance, as updated, provides, among other things, that the accounts be operated in the following manner:

- a. Debt service account for payment of Electric System revenue bond principal and interest.
- b. Debt service reserve account for payment of Electric System revenue bond principal and interest to the extent funds are not available in the debt service account. This account reserves for the greatest amount of aggregate debt service for any year.

In addition to the Trustee-maintained accounts established by the bond ordinance, certain other unrestricted accounts are to be maintained and operated by the Utility in accordance with the ordinance including the following:

- a. Reserve account for the deposit of all Electric System revenues.
- b. General reserve account for the deposit of all unexpended monies originally deposited in the revenue account.
- c. Contingency fund for payment of major renewals, replacements, repairs, additions, betterments, improvements, decommissionings, and disposals and also payment of extraordinary operation and maintenance costs or any unusual loss or damage to prevent a loss of revenues.

The bond ordinance requires the Board to establish and collect sufficient rates for the Electric System to meet the 110 percent of aggregate debt service costs requirement. For the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, the Electric System covered 116 percent and 170 percent, respectively, of aggregate debt service costs. In the event revenues are not sufficient to make payments or meet the debt service coverage ratio, the Board is to pay funds into the Revenue Fund to meet such criterion. Management intends to increase rates to meet all bond ordinance requirements.

Note 8: Pension and Benefit Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Utility's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Utility participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the Utility, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after five years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 and receive a reduced allowance.

	2020 Valuation	2019 Valuation
Benefit multiplier	2.0% for life	1.5% for life, plus .50% to age 65
Final average salary	3 years	3 years
Member contributions	0%	0%

Benefit terms provide for annual post-retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4 percent per year. During the measurement year, the Utility changed its benefit multiplier from 1.5 percent for life, plus .50 percent to age 65 to 2.0 percent for life. This change resulted in an increase in the net pension liability of \$8,340,500 in 2020.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, measurement dates for the net pension liability/(asset) at May 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2020	2019
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	128	122
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving		
benefits	6	5
Active employees	141	138
	275	265

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Contributions

The Utility is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the Utility do not contribute to the pension. At May 31, 2020 and 2019, the Utility's contribution rate was 21.5 percent and 13.0 percent, respectively, of annual covered payroll. Contributions by the Utility for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, were \$2,243,606 and \$1,823,102, respectively.

Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

The Utility's net pension liability/(asset) as of May 31, 2020 and 2019, was measured as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by actuarial valuations as of February 28, 2019 and 2018, respectively, rolled forward to June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2019 and 2018, to June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, reflects expected service costs and interest reduced by actual benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation Salary increase 3.25% to 6.55%, including wage inflation Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010, through February 28, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation Salary increase 3.25% to 6.55%, including wage inflation Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment expenses

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010, through February 28, 2015.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females adjusted by applying MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses, and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
A lash o	15 000/	2.670/
Alpha	15.00%	3.67%
Equity	35.00%	4.78%
Fixed income	31.00%	1.41%
Real assets	36.00%	3.29%
Strategic assets	8.00%	5.25%
Cash	10.00%	0.00%
Leverage	-35.00%	-0.51%
_		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

		2020		
		Increase (Decrease)		
		Plan	Net Pension	
	Total Pension	Fiduciary	Liability/	
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances, May 31, 2019	\$ 61,681,947	\$ 64,784,264	\$ (3,102,317)	
Changes for the year				
Service cost	849,907	-	849,907	
Interest	4,373,266	-	4,373,266	
Changes of benefit terms	8,340,500		8,340,500	
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,692,356	-	1,692,356	
Contributions – employer	-	1,839,197	(1,839,197)	
Net investment income	-	4,706,011	(4,706,011)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(3,620,465)	(3,620,465)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(33,192)	33,192	
Other changes	-	541,515	(541,515)	
Net changes	11,635,564	3,433,066	8,202,498	
Balances, May 31, 2020	\$ 73,317,511	\$ 68,217,330	\$ 5,100,181	
		2019		
		Increase (Decrease)		
		Plan	Net Pension	
	Total Pension	Fiduciary	Liability/	
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances, May 31, 2018	\$ 61,053,202	\$ 59,552,018	\$ 1,501,184	
Changes for the year				
Service cost	847,994	-	847,994	
Interest	4,354,113	-	4,354,113	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,696,949)	-	(1,696,949)	
Contributions – employer	-	1,354,898	(1,354,898)	
Net investment income	-	7,023,038	(7,023,038)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(2,876,413)	(2,876,413)	=	
Administrative expense	-	(22,790)	22,790	
Other changes	<u>-</u>	(246,487)	246,487	
Net changes	628,745	5,232,246	(4,603,501)	
Balances, May 31, 2019	\$ 61,681,947	\$ 64,784,264	\$ (3,102,317)	

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability/(asset) of the Utility, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Utility's net pension liability/(asset) would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	Current Single Discount					
		1%		Rate		1%
		Decrease	A	ssumption		Increase
		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Total pension liability	\$	82,918,605	\$	73,317,511	\$	65,284,156
Plan fiduciary net position		68,217,330		68,217,330		68,217,330
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	14,701,275	\$	5,100,181	\$	(2,933,174)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the Utility recognized pension expense of \$8,762,770. As of May 31, 2020, the Utility reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 1,891,459 739,337	\$ 2,610,762
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date *	2,081,089	1,833,168
	\$ 4,711,885	\$ 4,443,930

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in the net pension liability for the year ending May 31, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Utility recognized pension expense of \$1,287,540. As of May 31, 2019, the Utility reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 766,485 1,135,553	\$ 3,605,771
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date *	1,675,838	1,388,327
	\$ 3,577,876	\$ 4,994,098

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date was recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending May 31, 2020.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
2021	\$ (235,963)
2022	(944,038)
2023	(879,329)
2024	53,545
2025	 192,651
	\$ (1,813,134)

Payable to the Pension Plan

At May 31, 2020 and 2019, the Utility reported a payable of \$274,965 and \$311,663, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year end. This amount is included in other accruals on the balance sheet.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LAGERS financial report.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 9: Other Postemployment Health Care Plan

Plan Description

The Utility currently provides post-retirement health insurance benefits to all employees meeting certain criteria, and their spouses, in the form of a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. Benefit provisions are contained in the plan document and were established and can be amended by action of the Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Description

The OPEB Plan provide medical and prescription drug benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Generally, if the employee is at least 60 and chooses to retire, these benefits are paid for the five-year period until the employee is eligible for Medicare. Neither active nor retired employees currently contribute premiums to this coverage.

The employees covered by the benefit terms at May 31, 2020 and 2019, are:

	2020	2019
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefits	23	19
Active employees	133	137
	156	156

Total OPEB Liability

The Utility's total OPEB liability of \$4,936,052 and \$5,109,477 was measured as of May 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, for the years then ended, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 31, 2020 and 2019, using census data from 2019 for both years.

The total OPEB liability in the May 31, 2020 and 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation	3.00%
Discount rate	2.16% at May 31, 2020, 3.51% at May 31, 2019
Salary increase	3.00%
Health care cost trend rates	6.0% for 2020 and 6.5% for 2019, decreasing
	0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5%
	for 2023 and later years

The discount rate used for the plan was the 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond rate per the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, as there are no assets in the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 generational table scaled using MP-2018 and applied on a gender-specific basis.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Changes in total OPEB liability for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, are:

	2020	2019
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$ 5,109,477	\$ 5,170,742
Changes for the year		
Service cost	180,888	174,754
Interest	174,457	194,832
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	111,380	86,126
Benefit payments	(640,150)	(516,977)
Net changes	(173,425)	(61.265)
rici changes	(173,423)	(61,265)
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 4,936,052	\$ 5,109,477

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The total OPEB liability of the Utility has been calculated using a discount rate of 2.16 percent. The following presents the total OPEB liability using a discount rate 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current discount rate.

	1%	6 Decrease	 Current scount Rate	19	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,206,000	\$ 4,936,052	\$	4,681,000	

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

The total OPEB liability of the Utility has been calculated using health care cost trend rates of 6.0 percent. The following presents the total OPEB liability using health care cost trend rates 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1%	6 Decrease	C	rent Health Care Cost end Rates	1%	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	4,495,000	\$	4,936,052	\$	5,449,000		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, the Utility recognized OPEB expense of \$370,828 and \$376,338, respectively. At May 31, 2020 and 2019, the Utility reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following source:

	2020		2019	
Changes of assumptions and inputs	\$	175,272	\$	79,374

Deferred outflows of resources at May 31, 2020, related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	
2021	\$ 15,483
2022	15,483
2023	15,483
2024	15,483
2025	15,483
Thereafter	97,857
	\$ 175,272

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 10: Commitments and Contingencies

Coal Contracts

The Board has an agreement with Western Fuels Association, Inc. (WFA) for the procurement of coal through December 31, 2022. Under the provisions of this agreement and related coal supply agreements, the Board is required to purchase a minimum of 600,000 tons of coal per year through December 31, 2022. The price of coal is based on costs incurred by WFA to acquire and supply the coal over the life of the agreement. The Utility has an agreement for delivery of this coal with the BNSF Railway Company which extends through December 31, 2022. The cost to deliver the coal is established through a base price, which is adjusted quarterly by indices set forth in the agreement. During each calendar year, there is a Minimum Annual Volume Requirement in the agreement which will not be less than 600,000 tons. Coal inventories and material and supplies are stated at the lower of average cost or market, cost being determined on the basis of moving average price.

Wholesale Power Contracts

The Utility has contractual agreements with the Missouri cities of Carthage, Columbia, Fulton, and West Plains to sell certain amounts of wholesale electric energy. These agreements state that each city will purchase a specified entitlement share of power at 110 percent of its proportionate share of the monthly power costs (including debt service costs related to the revenue bond issue) as defined in each respective agreement, for various annual periods extending to June 1, 2022. Additional capacity has been negotiated at 100 percent in certain agreements. The agreements also state that each city will pay for the capacity to which it is entitled, whether or not available, and whether or not utilized. The total plant capacity allocated to these cities is 50 percent of the Sikeston Power Station.

Obligations to Purchase Power

The Board has a purchased power agreement with the Southwestern Power Administration (SWPA) effective September 1, 2016, through September 30, 2023. This agreement is for 33.8 mWh's of Hydro Capacity & Energy. Under this agreement the Board purchases a minimum of 2,028 mWh's of peaking energy each month. The Board must also purchase a minimum of 40,560 mWh's for the year. This purchase power agreement includes SWPA transmission for the delivery of the energy purchased. For the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, the cost under this contract was approximately \$5,043,000 and \$4,771,000, respectively.

Environmental Matters

The Utility is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and regulations with respect to air and water quality and with respect to hazardous and toxic materials and hazardous and other wastes, including their identification, transportation, disposal, record keeping and reporting, as well as remediation of contaminated sites and other environmental matters. The Board believes that the operations are in material compliance with present environmental laws and regulations.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Environmental requirements have changed frequently and become more stringent over time. The Board expects this trend to continue. While the Board is not in a position to accurately estimate compliance costs for any new requirements, any such costs are expected to be material.

Mine Shutdown Costs

The Utility indirectly holds a 50 percent beneficial interest in Brushy Creek Coal Company (BC). BC was the owner and operator of a coal mine and related equipment located in Illinois (the "BC Mine"). BC is owned by WFI, a Wyoming mutual benefit nonprofit corporation that operates as a cooperative. The Class B (nonvoting) stock of WFI, representing the beneficial interest in WFI, is owned 50 percent by the Utility with the remaining 50 percent owned by the Unified Government of Wyandotte County, Kansas City, Kansas (Kansas City). The Class A (voting) stock is owned by Western Fuels Association (WFA), a Wyoming nonprofit corporation that operates as a cooperative. The Utility is a member of the WFA and has representation on the WFA board of directors. The WFI board of directors consists of one representative from each of the Utility, Kansas City, and WFA.

In December 1979, the Utility and Kansas City each entered into a separate coal supply agreement with WFI. Under the terms of this agreement, the Utility was obligated to purchase a minimum amount of coal from the BC Mine, which was operated first by an unaffiliated third party and then by BC. In November 1997, the agreement expired, and the mine ceased operations in 1999. Under this legacy contract, the Utility became responsible for 50 percent of the mine reclamation costs and 50 percent of the post-retirement benefits for certain former mine workers. At May 31, 2020 and 2019, the Utility has recorded a liability of approximately \$1,228,000 and \$1,400,000, respectively, for the amount of the remaining estimated post-retirement benefits and mine reclamation costs. The liability represents the Utility's 50 percent proportional share of the total estimated post-retirement benefits and mine reclamation costs less amounts previously funded by the Utility to WFI. The Utility records mine shutdown costs related to costs of post-retirement benefits, changes in the estimated mine reclamation costs, and administrative and other costs incurred by WFI management. With the changes to the estimated liabilities, there was a net decrease to the change in net position of approximately \$172,000 and \$30,000 for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The amounts recorded for the Board's portion of the postretirement benefits and mine reclamation costs require significant judgment and involve several estimates. The Utility has recorded its estimated obligations for each of these items using information currently available to management. The estimates could change significantly over time. For the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, the Utility paid \$300,000 and \$240,000, respectively, to WFI to fund these obligations as well as administrative and other costs incurred by WFI. Total payments through May 31, 2020 and 2019, from the Utility to WFI to fund these obligations and costs were approximately \$16,410,000 and \$16,110,000, respectively. The Utility expects to fund approximately an additional \$240,000 during the year ending May 31, 2021. Once reclamation activities are complete, the Utility anticipates the property will be sold. Resources to be generated from this sale are not currently determinable.

Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2020 and 2019

Other Contingencies

The Board is involved in various claims and legal proceedings in which monetary damages and other relief is sought. The Board is vigorously contesting these claims; however the resolution is not expected to occur quickly, and the ultimate outcome cannot presently be predicted. It is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution of these claims, legal proceedings and other contingencies, either individually or in the aggregate, will not materially affect the Board's financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

Note 11: Significant Customers and Concentration of Credit Risk

For the year ended May 31, 2020, the Utility had four wholesale customers, which individually exceeded 10 percent of total revenues. Approximately 83 percent of the Electric System's wholesale revenue during the year ended May 31, 2020, was generated through sales to these customers, in the amount of approximately \$43,577,000. As of May 31, 2020, total receivables due from these customers were approximately \$2,142,000. No other customer represented 10 percent or more of the Electric System revenue. The Electric System's receivables from retail customers are located in Sikeston, Missouri, and its wholesale receivable customers are located in the states of Missouri and Kansas.

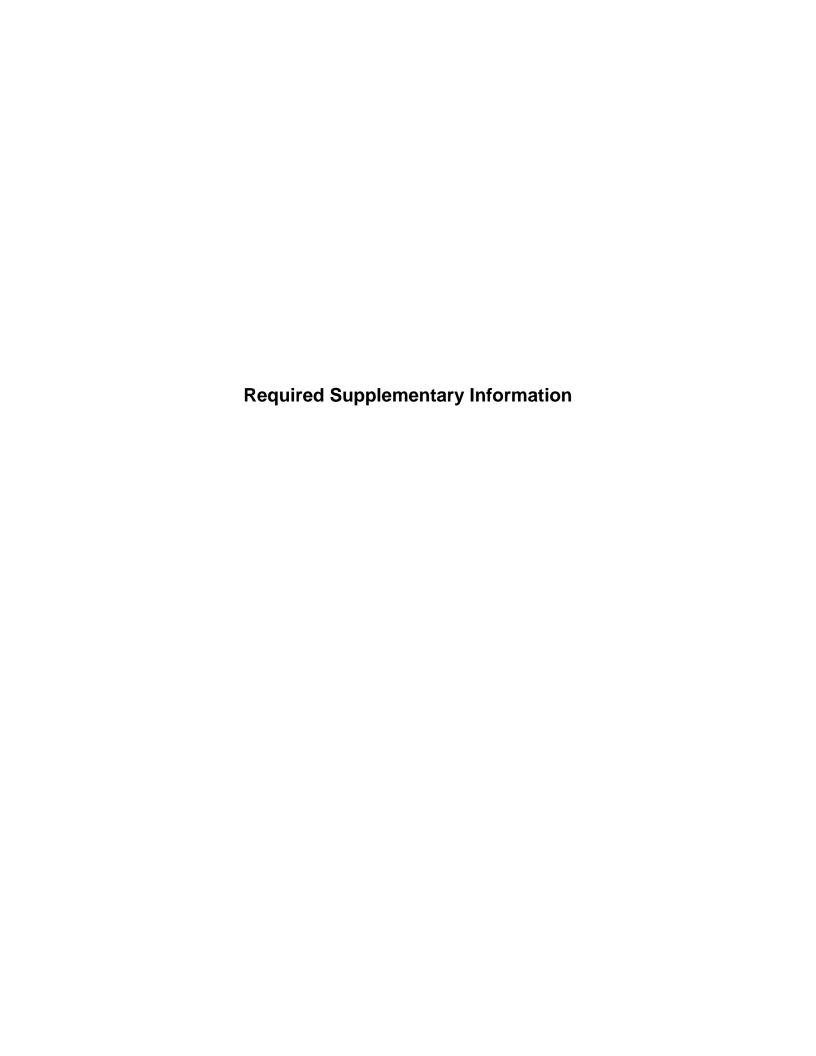
For the year ended May 31, 2019, the Utility had four wholesale customers, which individually exceeded 10 percent of total revenues. Approximately 78 percent of the Electric System's wholesale revenue during the year ended May 31, 2019, was generated through sales to these customers, in the amount of approximately \$43,773,000. As of May 31, 2019, total receivables due from these customers were approximately \$2,566,000. No other customer represented 10 percent or more of the Electric System revenue. The Electric System's receivables from retail customers are located in Sikeston, Missouri, and its wholesale receivable customers are located in the states of Missouri and Kansas.

Note 12: Current Economic Conditions

As a result of the spread of the SARS-CoV-2 virus and the incidence of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Utility. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Note 13: Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 3, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were issued.



Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Utility's Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios May 31, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$ 849,907	\$ 847,994	\$ 873,809	\$ 873,292	\$ 904,619
Interest on the total pension liability	4,373,266	4,354,113	4,379,975	3,977,456	3,972,670
Changes in benefit terms	8,340,500	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual					
experience	1,692,356	(1,696,949)	(2,613,331)	1,568,808	(1,482,213)
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-	2,324,201	-
Benefit payments, including refunds	(3,620,465)	(2,876,413)	(3,088,843)	(3,291,663)	(3,334,919)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	11,635,564	628,745	(448,390)	5,452,094	60,157
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	61,681,947	61,053,202	61,501,592	56,049,498	55,989,341
Total Pension Liability – Ending	73,317,511	61,681,947	61,053,202	61,501,592	56,049,498
Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions – employer	1,839,197	1,354,898	1,303,671	1,331,286	1,556,587
Net investment income	4,706,011	7,023,038	6,368,340	(155,540)	1,170,694
Benefit payments, including refunds	(3,620,465)	(2,876,413)	(3,088,843)	(3,291,663)	(3,334,919)
Pension plan administrative expense	(33,192)	(22,790)	(22,164)	(22,371)	(24,605)
Other	541,515	(246,487)	(131,387)	(154,780)	(26,399)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,433,066	5,232,246	4,429,617	(2,293,068)	(658,642)
Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	64,784,264	59,552,018	55,122,401	57,415,469	58,074,111
Fiduciary Net Position – Ending	68,217,330	64,784,264	59,552,018	55,122,401	57,415,469
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 5,100,181	\$ (3,102,317)	\$ 1,501,184	\$ 6,379,191	\$ (1,365,971)
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	93.04%	105.03%	97.54%	89.63%	102.44%
Covered Payroll	\$ 10,156,627	\$ 9,882,465	\$ 10,022,113	\$ 10,341,075	\$ 10,006,457
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	50.22%	-31.39%	14.98%	61.69%	-13.65%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Utility's Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios May 31, 2020

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes The Utility changed benefit plans during 2020, which had a net impact

of \$8,340,500. There was no change in benefits for 2019.

Changes of assumptions There were no changes to assumptions for the years ended

May 31, 2020 and 2019.

In accordance with GASB 68, information presented in this schedule was determined as of the measurement date (June 30) of the net pension liability/(asset).

This schedule presents the information available to the Utility and will include ten-year trend information once available.

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Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Utility's Contributions May 31, 2020

Fiscal Year	D	ctuarially etermined ontribution	in A De	ontribution Relation to the ctuarially etermined ontribution	De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contribution as Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2011	\$	1,326,896	\$	1,056,101	\$	270,795	\$ 9,026,504	11.70%
2012		1,316,564		1,238,545		78,019	9,752,321	12.70%
2013		1,414,376		1,345,622		68,754	9,822,054	13.70%
2014		1,374,676		1,374,676		-	10,182,782	13.50%
2015		1,600,817		1,568,368		32,449	10,816,330	14.50%
2016		1,336,434		1,336,435		(1)	9,826,726	13.60%
2017		1,251,364		1,251,363		1	10,010,902	12.50%
2018		1,473,479		1,353,195		120,284	10,023,667	13.50%
2019		1,823,102		1,823,102		-	10,735,500	16.98%
2020		2,243,606		2,243,606		-	10,435,378	21.50%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date February 28, 2019

Notes The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2019,

to June 30, 2019, reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal and modified terminal funding

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period Multiple bases from 10 to 19 years
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor
Inflation 3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation
Salary increases 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment expenses

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Utility's Contributions May 31, 2020

Mortality

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

Other information

None

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Utility's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios May 31, 2020

	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 180,888	\$ 174,754
Interest	174,457	194,832
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	111,380	86,126
Benefit payments	(640,150)	(516,977)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(173,425)	(61,265)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	5,109,477	5,170,742
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 4,936,052	\$ 5,109,477
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,650,000	\$ 8,357,888
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	57.06%	61.13%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes There were no changes to benefit terms for the years ended May 31, 2020

and 2019.

Changes of assumptions There was a change in the discount rate for 2020 which had a net impact of \$111,380.

There was a change in the discount rate for 2019 which had a net impact of \$86,126.

This schedule is presented as of the measurement date for the fiscal year.

This schedule presents information available to the Utility and will include ten-year information once available.



Combining Balance Sheets May 31, 2020 and 2019

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Re	May 31, 2020 Water and			
	Electric	Sewer	Combined	
A	System	System	Combined	
Assets				
Property and Plant	¢ 222.727.000	¢ 20.124.022	¢ 261.960.011	
Property and plant, at original cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 332,736,888	\$ 29,124,023	\$ 361,860,911	
Accumulated depreciation	(286,226,641) 46,510,247	(20,334,446) 8,789,577	(306,561,087) 55,299,824	
Construction work in progress	3,738,814	6,129,520	9,868,334	
Total property and plant, net	50,249,061	14,919,097	65,168,158	
Restricted Assets				
Debt service reserve account	14,715,096	_	14,715,096	
Debt service account	13,728,017	_	13,728,017	
	28,443,113		28,443,113	
Less amount required to meet				
current obligations	(14,198,561)	-	(14,198,561)	
Total restricted assets	14,244,552	-	14,244,552	
Other Noncurrent Assets				
Net pension asset				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	25,987,797	4,438,808	30,426,605	
Restricted assets - current	14,198,561	-	14,198,561	
Accounts receivable, net	5,624,564	751,929	6,376,493	
Coal inventories	6,382,388	-	6,382,388	
Materials and supplies	5,208,147	332,910	5,541,057	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	657,281	118,168	775,449	
Interdepartment due from (to)	60,449	(60,449)		
Total current assets	58,119,187	5,581,366	63,700,553	
Total assets	122,612,800	20,500,463	143,113,263	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Unamortized loss on debt refundings	3,941,285	-	3,941,285	
Pension related	3,921,848	790,037	4,711,885	
Other postemployment benefits related	145,475	29,797	175,272	
Total deferred outflows				
of resources	8,008,608	819,834	8,828,442	
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 130,621,408	\$ 21,320,297	\$ 151,941,705	

Electric System	May 31, 2019 Water and Sewer System	Combined
\$ 328,849,117	\$ 27,778,269	\$ 356,627,386
(270,502,915)	(19,260,487)	(289,763,402)
58,346,202	8,517,782	66,863,984
1,187,867	1,198,685	2,386,552
59,534,069	9,716,467	69,250,536
14,681,428		14,681,428
13,350,876	_	13,350,876
28,032,304		28,032,304
20,032,304		20,032,304
(13,872,909)	-	(13,872,909)
14,159,395		14,159,395
- 1,2,,-2		
2,574,922	527,395	3,102,317
29,684,383	1,974,775	31,659,158
13,872,909	-	13,872,909
6,360,555	643,943	7,004,498
2,041,553	-	2,041,553
4,706,399	320,084	5,026,483
652,560	107,877	760,437
132,328	(132,328)	-
57,450,687	2,914,351	60,365,038
, ,	, ,	, ,
133,719,073	13,158,213	146,877,286
		•
5,744,273	=	5,744,273
2,967,986	609,890	3,577,876
65,880	13,494	79,374
8,778,139	623,384	9,401,523
0,770,137	023,304	7,401,323
\$ 142,497,212	\$ 13,781,597	\$ 156,278,809

Combining Balance Sheets May 31, 2020 and 2019

Net Position, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows of Resources

	Electric System	May 31, 2020 Water and Sewer System	Combined
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8,253,165	\$ 4,135,526	\$ 12,388,691
Restricted	27,456,113	143,332	27,599,445
Unrestricted	29,333,204	2,488,951	31,822,155
Total net position	65,042,482	6,767,809	71,810,291
Long-Term Debt	30,370,331	10,788,515	41,158,846
Add: Unamortized bond premium	2,388,919	-	2,388,919
Less: Unamortized bond discount	(33,635)	_	(33,635)
Total long-term debt, net	32,725,615	10,788,515	43,514,130
Other Noncurrent Liabilities			
Net pension liability	4,233,153	867,028	5,100,181
Total other postemployment benefit liability	4,096,923	839,129	4,936,052
Accrued compensated absences	945,850	162,537	1,108,387
Total other noncurrent liabilities	9,275,926	1,868,694	11,144,620
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets			
Current maturities of long-term debt	13,211,561	-	13,211,561
Accrued interest payable	987,000	-	987,000
	14,198,561		14,198,561
Current Liabilities Payable from Unrestricted Assets			
Accounts payable	2,169,378	228,549	2,397,927
Current maturities of long-term debt	-	624,109	624,109
Accrued interest payable	-	50,473	50,473
Customer deposits	695,221	-	695,221
Accrued mine shutdown costs	1,227,768	-	1,227,768
Other accruals	1,597,995	236,680	1,834,675
	5,690,362	1,139,811	6,830,173
Total current liabilities	19,888,923	1,139,811	21,028,734
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension related	3,688,462	755,468	4,443,930
Total net position, liabilities, and	h 400 10-		A - 4 - 4 - 5 - 5
deferred inflows of resources	\$ 130,621,408	\$ 21,320,297	\$ 151,941,705

Electric	May 31, 2019 Water and Electric Sewer				
System	System	Combined			
\$ 5,574,417	\$ 5,506,096	\$ 11,080,513			
26,747,179	56,046	26,803,225			
34,461,719	1,638,587	36,100,306			
66,783,315	7,200,729	73,984,044			
43,581,893	3,825,160	47,407,053			
3,583,399	-	3,583,399			
(49,151)	2.025.160	(49,151)			
47,116,141	3,825,160	50,941,301			
4,240,865	- 868,612	5,109,477			
873,000 5,113,865	152,854 1,021,466	1,025,854 6,135,331			
3,113,003	1,021,400	0,133,331			
12,587,784 1,285,125 13,872,909	- - -	12,587,784 1,285,125 13,872,909			
1,911,682	295,004	2,206,686			
1,711,002	385,210	385,210			
	-	-			
641,247	-	641,247			
1,399,583	-	1,399,583			
1,513,369	205,031	1,718,400			
5,465,881	885,245	6,351,126			
19,338,790	885,245	20,224,035			
4,145,101	848,997	4,994,098			
\$ 142,497,212	\$ 13,781,597	\$ 156,278,809			

Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

	Electric System	May 31, 2020 Water and Sewer System	Combined	
Operating Revenues				
Retail	\$ 27,656,651	\$ 5,625,388	\$ 33,282,039	
Wholesale	52,815,854	<u> </u>	52,815,854	
Total operating revenues	80,472,505	5,625,388	86,097,893	
Operating Expenses				
Production and operations	41,933,554	1,595,508	43,529,062	
Purchased power	6,723,989	-	6,723,989	
Distribution costs	2,370,355	860,847	3,231,202	
Depreciation	15,723,726	1,073,959	16,797,685	
General and administrative	5,559,937	1,195,578	6,755,515	
Pension expense	7,271,372	1,491,398	8,762,770	
Other post-employment benefits expense	307,787	63,041	370,828	
Donated services	910,886	130,575	1,041,461	
Mine shutdown costs	128,185	-	128,185	
Other operating expenses	639,896	188,487	828,383	
Total operating expenses	81,569,687	6,599,393	88,169,080	
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,097,182)	(974,005)	(2,071,187)	
Nonoperating Income (Expense)				
Interest income	918,883	53,277	972,160	
Interest expense	(2,784,192)	(295,568)	(3,079,760)	
Miscellaneous, net	1,221,658	783,376	2,005,034	
Net nonoperating income				
(expense)	(643,651)	541,085	(102,566)	
Change in Net Position	(1,740,833)	(432,920)	(2,173,753)	
Net Position				
Beginning of year	66,783,315	7,200,729	73,984,044	
End of year	\$ 65,042,482	\$ 6,767,809	\$ 71,810,291	

Electric	O a wak in a d	
System	System	Combined
\$ 27,313,622	\$ 5,215,030	\$ 32,528,652
56,477,233	-	56,477,233
83,790,855	5,215,030	89,005,885
44,461,497	1,598,078	46,059,575
6,105,461	-	6,105,461
2,161,467	917,807	3,079,274
14,867,556	1,043,408	15,910,964
5,188,842	1,197,515	6,386,357
1,055,306	232,233	1,287,539
312,361	63,977	376,338
879,862	123,052	1,002,914
210,233	-	210,233
592,525	199,346	791,871
		04.040.00
75,835,110	5,375,416	81,210,526
7,955,745	(160,386)	7,795,359
1,307,559	48,824	1,356,383
(3,304,958)	(151,169	(3,456,127)
521,469	479,974	1,001,443
		_
(1,475,930)	377,629	(1,098,301)
6,479,815	217,243	6,697,058
60,303,500	6,983,486	67,286,986
\$ 66,783,315	\$ 7,200,729	\$ 73,984,044

Combining Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

	Electric Sewer System System		Combined	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers and others	\$ 81,262,470	\$ 5,517,402	\$ 86,779,872	
Payments to suppliers	(56,426,272)	(2,903,711)	(59,329,983)	
Payments to employees	(8,511,327)	(1,666,881)	(10,178,208)	
Payments for mine shutdown costs	(300,000)		(300,000)	
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	16,024,871	946,810	16,971,681	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Decrease (increase) in temporary investments				
maintained in debt service accounts	(410,809)	-	(410,809)	
Interest received	918,883	53,277	972,160	
Net cash provided by (used in)				
investing activities	508,074	53,277	561,351	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related				
Financing Activities				
Purchase of property and plant, net	(6,405,111)	(6,276,589)	(12,681,700)	
Proceeds from the issuance of debt	-	7,787,630	7,787,630	
Payment of long-term debt and capital				
lease obligations	(12,587,785)	(585,376)	(13,173,161)	
Interest paid	(2,458,293)	(245,095)	(2,703,388)	
Other nonoperating revenues	1,221,658	783,376	2,005,034	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital				
and related financing activities	(20,229,531)	1,463,946	(18,765,585)	
Increase (decrease) in cash and				
cash equivalents	(3,696,586)	2,464,033	(1,232,553)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Beginning of year	29,684,383	1,974,775	31,659,158	
End of year	\$ 25,987,797	\$ 4,438,808	\$ 30,426,605	

May 31, 2019 Water and						
	Electric		Sewer			
	System		System		Combined	
\$	83,550,393	\$	5,270,473	\$	88,820,866	
	(51,774,120)		(2,604,271)		(54,378,391)	
	(7,652,147)		(1,702,962)		(9,355,109)	
	(240,000)		<u>-</u> _		(240,000)	
	_		_			
	23,884,126		963,240		24,847,366	
	(171,864)		391,259		219,395	
	1,307,559		48,824		1,356,383	
	1,135,695		440,083		1,575,778	
	(5,360,835)		(2,029,426)		(7,390,261)	
	-		-		-	
	(12,004,501)		(372,453)		(12,376,954)	
	(3,403,642)		(151,169)		(3,554,811)	
	521,469		479,974		1,001,443	
	(20,247,509)		(2,073,074)		(22,320,583)	
	4,772,312		(669,751)		4,102,561	
	24,912,071		2,644,526		27,556,597	
\$	29,684,383	\$	1,974,775	\$	31,659,158	

Combining Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended May 31, 2020 and 2019

	May 31, 2020 Water and Electric Sewer			Combined		
		System		System		Combined
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,097,182)	\$	(974,005)	\$	(2,071,187)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		· / /		, , ,		, , , ,
Depreciation		15,723,726		1,073,959		16,797,685
Mine shutdown costs		128,185		_		128,185
Payments for mine shutdown costs		(300,000)		_		(300,000)
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,						
liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		735,991		(107,986)		628,005
(Increase) decrease in coal inventories		(4,340,835)				(4,340,835)
(Increase) decrease in materials and supplies		(501,748)		(12,826)		(514,574)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and						
other assets		(4,721)		(10,291)		(15,012)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows						
related to pensions		(953,862)		(180,147)		(1,134,009)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows				, , ,		, , , , ,
related to other postemployment benefits		(79,595)		(16,303)		(95,898)
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset		2,574,922		527,395		3,102,317
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable						
and accrued expenses		381,565		(25,123)		356,442
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		,		, , ,		,
and other liabilities		53,974		_		53,974
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		4,233,153		867,028		5,100,181
Interdepartment due from (to)		71,879		(71,879)		_
Increase (decrease) in total other		, , , , , , ,		(, , , , , ,		
postemployment liability		(143,942)		(29,483)		(173,425)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(- ,- ,		(- , ,		(, ,
related to pensions		(456,639)		(93,529)		(550,168)
returned to penisions		(100,00)		(>0,02>)		(000,100)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	16,024,871	\$	946,810	\$	16,971,681
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities						
Amounts payable incurred for purchase						
of capital assets	\$	33.607	\$		\$	33,607
or capital assets	Ψ	55,007	Ψ	=	Ψ	55,007

Electric			
System	Sewer System	(Combined
 <u>Oystem</u>	Oystom		Joinnad
\$ 7,955,745	\$ (160,386)	\$	7,795,359
14,867,556	1,043,408		15,910,964
210,233	-		210,233
(240,000)	_		(240,000)
(273,801)	55,443		(218,358)
2,480,664	-		2,480,664
10,009	(10,621)		(612)
74,309	5,894		80,203
1,631,848	345,089		1,976,937
(65,880)	(13,494)		(79,374)
(2,574,922)	(527,395)		(3,102,317)
(534,794)	7,305		(527,489)
33,339	-		33,339
(1,245,983)	(255,201)		(1,501,184)
(128,261)	128,261		-
(50,857)	(10,408)		(61,265)
1,734,921	 355,345		2,090,266
\$ 23,884,126	\$ 963,240	\$	24,847,366
\$ 178,488	\$ 5,600	\$	184,088